

# **GeoTools**

## **for Mapping and Spatial Analysis**

Make your own maps and start performing powerful spatial analysis of the Earth's climate, population, biodiversity, landforms, river systems, natural hazards, land use, agriculture, geology, and more, using online geotechnologies—Geographic Information Systems (GIS), Global Positioning Systems (GPS), and Remote Sensing.



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### **Mapping People at Places: Population and Development Analysis**

Studying the spatial and temporal characteristics and migration of people is fundamental to geography, sociology, and other subjects, and is easier than ever to do with these web-GIS tools.

1. American Fact Finder's Thematic Maps: <http://factfinder.census.gov>
2. Labor Employment Dynamics: <http://lehd.dsd.census.gov/led/datatools/onthemap.html>
3. CensusScope: <http://censusscope.org>
4. SocialExplorer: <http://socialexplorer.com>
5. CensusTrax: <http://censustrax.com>
6. CIESEN's Demog Data Viewer: <http://plue.sedac.ciesin.columbia.edu/plue/ddviewer/>
7. Modern Language Association's Language Map: [http://www.mla.org/census\\_map](http://www.mla.org/census_map)
8. CommonCensus Project: <http://www.commoncensus.org/>
9. Cartograms on hundreds of variables: <http://www.worldmapper.org>
10. Gapminder: Graphs and map-based analysis of human development indices worldwide: <http://www.gapminder.org>
11. Nationmaster's data and rankings on world countries: <http://www.nationmaster.com>
12. Statemaster's data and rankings on US states: <http://www.statemaster.com>



### **Virtual Globes: Explore the Planet in 3-D**

Our planet is a 3-dimensional planet, so exploring it in a computerized 3-D environment is intuitive and engaging. Start your journey by streaming 3-D data with the following tools.

13. ESRI's ArcGIS Explorer: <http://www.esri.com/arcgisexplorer>
14. NASA's Worldwind: <http://worldwind.arc.nasa.gov>
15. Google Earth: <http://earth.google.com>
16. SkylineSoft's TerraExplorer: <http://www.skylinesoft.com>
17. SkylineGlobe: <http://www.skylineglobe.com>

### **Mapping Your Own Places: Geocoding and Beyond**

Geocoding is the process of locating your own data on a map, aerial photograph, or satellite image, and can be easily done with the following tools.

18. GPS Visualizer: <http://gpsvisualizer.com>
19. Batch Geocoding: <http://www.batchgeocode.com>
20. Wayfaring: <http://www.wayfaring.com/>
21. Zee Maps: <http://www.zeemaps.com>
22. Your G Map: <http://yourgmap.com>
23. Platial: <http://www.platial.com>
24. Fresh Logic Atlas: <http://atlas.freshlogicstudios.com/>
25. The Student Data Mapper: <http://kangis.org/mapping/sdm/>
26. Convert USA street addresses to latitude-longitude: :  
[http://geoinfo.sdsu.edu/hightech/Address\\_ed/](http://geoinfo.sdsu.edu/hightech/Address_ed/)
27. ArcIMS User Sites Registry: <http://www.esri.com/software/internetmaps/index.html>
28. ArcWeb Services for Students and Educators; a set of free global mapping scripts for web-based GIS development:  
<http://www.esri.com/software/arcwebservices/students-educators.html>
29. ArcWeb Explorer. Make satellite, street, and demographic maps, geocode, upload your own data, create routes, and much more: <http://arcwebservices.com/awx>

### **Real-Time Mapping**

The ability to map and analyze phenomena that is currently occurring or that happened minutes or hours ago is a powerful teaching tool.

30. USA Wildfires: <http://www.geomac.gov>
31. Earthquakes: <http://earthquakes.usgs.gov/eqcenter/>
32. Streamflow and water quality: <http://waterdata.usgs.gov/nwis/rt>
33. NASA Weather Satellite Imagery: <http://www.ghcc.msfc.nasa.gov/GOES/>

### **Geocoded Ground Photographs**

The ground photographs are keyed to latitude-longitude locations, and therefore allow for a study of biomes, human impact on the landscape, and even allow you to tag your own photographs from field trips to online maps.

34. American Mile Markers: <http://www.kodak.com/US/en/corp/features/onTheRoad/>
35. Degree Confluence Project: <http://www.confluence.org>
36. Flickr: <http://www.flickr.com/map/>



## **Historical Maps**

The web's archive of high-quality, zoomable historical maps is growing daily. Some even contain georeferencing information to enable them to be easily brought into a desktop GIS for further analysis.

37. Rand McNally Classroom. Includes hundreds of historical maps as well as the Goode's World Atlas! <http://randmcnallyclassroom.com/>
38. Historical topographic Maps from Maine to Ohio: <http://historical.maptech.com>
39. David Rumsey—one of the best collections of historical maps on the planet: <http://www.davidrumsey.com>
40. Map Collections at the Library of Congress: <http://memory.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/>
41. Perry-Castaneda Library Historical Map Collection: <http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/>
42. The UK's most extensive collection of historical maps: <http://www.old-maps.co.uk/>

## **Have Web Browser, Will Map: National and International GIS on the Web**

These sites have progressed far beyond web mapping tools to some powerful visualization and analysis. With nothing but your Web browser, you can explore numerous sites with ready-made maps. Other sites allow you to build and investigate your own maps using menus of choices and selected mapping tools. Still others contain GIS-ready data sets that you can use with GIS software such as ArcView and ArcExplorer Java Edition for Education (<http://www.esri.com/aejee>). Some require a current version of Firefox, Mozilla, Navigator, or Microsoft Internet Explorer installed, and a broadband Internet connection.

The following sites offer online mapping opportunities and others that focus on data access. Many sites offer downloadable static maps, aerial photographs, and satellite images.

43. A good place to get an overview on GIS, its uses, and other information is at GIS.com: <http://www.gis.com>.
44. Forthcoming! ArcGIS Explorer (<http://www.esri.com/arcgisexplorer>); new free 3D exploration and analysis tool from ESRI.
45. ArcIMS User Sites Registry (<http://www.esri.com/software/internetmaps/index.html>) includes some focused explorations from global to some local levels.
46. ArcWeb Services for Students and Educators: <http://www.esri.com/software/arcwebservices/students-educators.html> ; a set of free global mapping APIs for Web-based GIS development.
47. Geography Network (<http://www.geograpynetwork.com>) is the global cooperative for publishing and sharing geographic data and map services over the Internet. See also the new multi-source mapping function, ArcExplorer Web Edition.
48. Learn about the capability of the Geography Network and how to make maps at <http://www.geographynetwork.com/maps/arcexplorerweb.html>.
49. The Federal Government's Geospatial One-Stop: <http://www.geo-one-stop.gov> allows access to many maps and services.
50. The Federal Government's Geodata.gov [www.geodata.gov](http://www.geodata.gov) is another web-based portal for one-stop access to US maps, data and other geospatial services.
51. National Geographic's Map Machine ([www.nationalgeographic.com/maps](http://www.nationalgeographic.com/maps)) is a joint



effort between the Society and ESRI that allows for creating regional and local maps on over 40 variables: weather, biomes, population, imagery, and more.

52. NOAA Office of Coast Survey—Electronic Navigation Charts include an online mapping site (<http://ocs-spatial.ncd.noaa.gov/encdirect/viewer.htm>) as well as other chart information including historical charts: <http://chartmaker.ncd.noaa.gov/>
53. Rural Policy Research Institute (<http://circ.rupri.org>) “interactive Mapping” Map Room provides much explorable U.S. (48 states) data at variable scales.
54. US EPA’s “Surf Your Watershed” map server ([www.epa.gov/surf](http://www.epa.gov/surf)) permits exploring according to physical region, rather than political region.
55. EPA’s EnviroMapper: <http://maps.epa.gov/enviromapper/>
56. Reproductive Health Atlas: <http://www.cdc.gov/reproductivehealth/gisatlas/index.htm>
57. UC Atlas of Global Inequality: <http://ucatlas.ucsc.edu/>
58. UN Maps and Graphics: <http://maps.grida.no/>, <http://www.povertymap.net/>
59. Flood Maps (global sea level rises): <http://flood.firetree.net/>
60. GESource World Guide: <http://www.gesource.ac.uk/worldguide/>
61. Geography Network: <http://www.geographynetwork.com>
62. National Geographic’s Map Machine: <http://www.nationalgeographic.com/maps/>
63. NOAA Electronic Navigation Charts online mapping: <http://ocs-spatial.ncd.noaa.gov/encdirect/viewer.htm> and historical charts: <http://chartmaker.ncd.noaa.gov/>
64. Rural Policy Research Institute: <http://circ.rupri.org/>
65. US EPA’s “Surf Your Watershed” map server: <http://www.epa.gov/surf>
66. This Dynamic Planet. Explore impact craters, plate boundaries, volcanoes, earthquakes, and much more: <http://www.minerals.si.edu/tdpmap/index.htm>
67. Geogreeting—greeting “cards” with letters that use building shapes from satellite imagery: <http://www.geogreeting.com>

## **Using ArcIMS Data Servers**

Use these sites within ESRI desktop software (ArcExplorer Java Edition for Education (AEJEE) or ArcGIS) to stream a wealth of Internet content to your desktop and integrate it with your GIS applications! Some addresses may need slight adjustments for use in GIS software.

### **Search**

68. Google (<http://www.google.com>) (type "arcims" plus the topic and/or region of interest)
69. Kansas Geol. Survey’s MAPDEX <http://www.mapdex.org/>

### **ESRI**

70. Geography Network: (<http://www.geographynetwork.com/>) (AEJEE: <http://www.geographynetwork.com>)
71. 2005 Hurricanes from ESRI Canada: <http://www.geographynetwork.ca/website/hurricanes> (AEJEE: <http://www.geographynetwork.ca>)
72. ESRI Data Download: <http://www.esri.com/data/download/basemap/index.html>
73. ArcGIS Online: <http://arcgisonline.esri.com/>

### **Federal**

74. Geodata.gov: <http://www.geodata.gov>
75. USGS National Map <http://nmviewogc.cr.usgs.gov/> (AEJEE: <http://nmviewogc.cr.usgs.gov> [nhdgeo])



76. [USGS GeoMAC](http://geomac.gov) <http://geomac.gov> (AEJEE: <http://geomac.gov>) for wildfire mapping.
77. [USGS Seamless](http://seamless.usgs.gov) (AEJEE: <http://seamless.usgs.gov>)
78. [USGS Mineral Resources](http://mrddata.usgs.gov) (AEJEE: <http://mrddata.usgs.gov>)
79. [USGS Planetary GIS \(PIGWAD\)](http://webgis.wr.usgs.gov/pigwad.htm)  
<http://webgis.wr.usgs.gov/pigwad.htm>  
(AEJEE: <http://webgis.wr.usgs.gov>)
80. [NOAA NOWCOAST](http://nowcoast.noaa.gov) (AEJEE: <http://nowcoast.noaa.gov>)
81. [NOAA NOSA NGDC](http://map.ngdc.noaa.gov/website/nosa/) <http://map.ngdc.noaa.gov/website/nosa/>  
(AEJEE: <http://map.ngdc.noaa.gov>; don't do NOSA)
82. [NOAA ENC Chart](http://ocs-spatial.ncd.noaa.gov/website/encdirect/default.htm)  
<http://ocs-spatial.ncd.noaa.gov/website/encdirect/default.htm>  
(AEJEE: <http://ocs-spatial.ncd.noaa.gov>)
83. [NOAA Coral Reef Info System](http://www.coris.noaa.gov/) <http://www.coris.noaa.gov/>  
(AEJEE: <http://www.coris.noaa.gov>)
84. [EPA](http://geodata.epa.gov) (AEJEE: <http://geodata.epa.gov>)
85. [Regional Bird Conservation Tool](http://umesc-ims01.er.usgs.gov/website/new_bird/viewer.htm)  
[http://umesc-ims01.er.usgs.gov/website/new\\_bird/viewer.htm](http://umesc-ims01.er.usgs.gov/website/new_bird/viewer.htm)  
(AEJEE: <http://umesc-ims01.er.usgs.gov>)
86. [Forest Service](http://maps.fs.fed.us) (<http://maps.fs.fed.us>) (AEJEE: <http://maps.fs.fed.us>)

### Regional

87. [UNEP World Conservation Monitoring Centre](http://www.unep-wcmc.org/press/Earthdive/index.htm)  
<http://www.unep-wcmc.org/press/Earthdive/index.htm>  
(AEJEE: <http://bure.unep-wcmc.org>)
88. [San Antonio College GIS for Humanities \(awesome!\)](http://sacarcims.sac.accd.edu)  
(AEJEE: <http://sacarcims.sac.accd.edu>)
89. [KanGIS Student Data Mapper](http://kangis.org/mapping/sdm) (<http://kangis.org/mapping/sdm>)
90. Pennsylvania Spatial Data Access: [PASDA](http://www.pasda.psu.edu) (<http://www.pasda.psu.edu>)  
(AEJEE: <http://maps.pasda.psu.edu> [Latest Radar, Latest Infrared] or <http://gis1.pasda.psu.edu> [National Temp Forecast])
91. Towson University's Chesapeake: (<http://chesapeake.towson.edu/mapping>)  
(AEJEE: <http://mafsmap.towson.edu>)
92. [Minnesota Twin Cities](http://www.datafinder.org) (<http://www.datafinder.org>)
93. [IMAP Hawaii](http://gis.state.hi.us/website/OPGeneral) (<http://gis.state.hi.us/website/OPGeneral>) (AEJEE: <http://gis.state.hi.us>)
94. [Bahamas Online Digital Map Atlas](http://crem.rsmas.miami.edu/GIS/Bahamas) (<http://crem.rsmas.miami.edu/GIS/Bahamas>)  
(AEJEE: <http://crem.rsmas.miami.edu>)
95. [Pacific Disaster Center](http://www.pdc.org) (AEJEE: <http://www.pdc.org>)

## **Geographic Information Systems (GIS) in Education**

Discover videos, content standards, lessons, and other ways to support the implementation of GIS throughout primary, secondary, technical, and university education and also in informal education.

96. GIS.com resources: <http://www.gis.com>
97. GIS Day videos, guidelines, applications: <http://www.gisday.com>
98. ESRI Primary and Secondary Education: <http://www.esri.com/schools>
99. ESRI College and University: <http://www.esri.com/highered>
100. ESRI Libraries and Museums: <http://www.esri.com/libraries/>
101. ESRI ArcLessons—library of over 200 GIS-based lessons:  
<http://www.esri.com/arclessons>
102. GIS in Education: <http://education.usgs.gov/common/lessons/gis.html>
103. Mapping Our World book from ESRI Press: <http://www.esri.com/mappingourworld>
104. TERC's Educational GIS listserv: <https://list.terc.edu/mailman/listinfo/edgis>



105. The National Council for Geographic Education supports a GIS Special Interest Network: <http://www.ncge.org>

### **GIS Data Sets**

Got data? Hundreds of online sites provide data for free download to use with GIS software.

106. ESRI data sets ([www.esri.com/data](http://www.esri.com/data)) include a number of free data resources as well those available for a fee. CommunityInfo for Educators is a compilation of over 1,000 variables primarily from the 2000 census for states, metro areas, counties, ZIP code areas, census tracts, and block groups.
107. Geography Network ([www.geographynetwork.com](http://www.geographynetwork.com)) sites offer downloadable GIS-ready data.
108. Geography Network's Census 2000: [www.esri.com/data/download/census2000\\_tigerline/index.html](http://www.esri.com/data/download/census2000_tigerline/index.html) site contains layers of free downloadable geography and some population/housing data from the 2000 census.
109. Guide to US Geospatial Data <http://libinfo.uark.edu/GIS/us.asp> service from the University of Arkansas Libraries.
110. Mapdex [www.mapdex.org/search/](http://www.mapdex.org/search/) is a global network of GIS and RS data servers.
111. UN Environment Programme World Data Portal: <http://geodata.grid.unep.ch/>
112. The National Atlas ([www.nationalatlas.gov](http://www.nationalatlas.gov)) contains over 200 themes of data at many scales for the U.S. Data for free download—from Agriculture to Zebra Mussels!
113. The National Map ([www.nationalmap.gov](http://www.nationalmap.gov)) contains dozens of layers, from digital elevation data to topographic maps that can be downloaded for user-defined areas.
114. The National Hydrography Dataset: <http://nhd.usgs.gov>  
Mapping Viewer: <http://nhdgeo.usgs.gov/viewer.htm>  
and FTP site: <ftp://nhdftp.usgs.gov/SubRegions/>
115. USGS's Global GIS Data (<http://webgis.wr.usgs.gov/globalgis/>) contains descriptions of a seven-CD or single DVD data series for use with ArcView. 1:1 million scale physical and human geographic data. Order information and educational pricing from the American Geological Institute ([www.agiweb.org/pubs/globalgis](http://www.agiweb.org/pubs/globalgis)). Sample lessons built from the Global GIS data on <http://education.usgs.gov/common/gis.html>
116. The Federal Government's Geospatial One-Stop: <http://gos2.geodata.gov/wps/portal/gos>
117. GIS Data Depot: <http://www.gisdatadepot.com>
118. WebGIS: <http://www.webgis.com>
119. USGS EROS Data Center GeoData Portal: <http://eros.usgs.gov/geodata/>
120. USDA Lighthouse Gateway: <http://datagateway.nrcs.usda.gov/GatewayHome.html>



## **Federal Agencies: From static images to interactive networks**

Many U.S. federal agency Web sites incorporate map, aerial, radar, and satellite images as static complements to their offerings. While unchangeable, these can be useful additions to geographic explorations. Others embrace a host of geographic possibilities. Some locations to visit include:

### **EPA**

121. BASINS—watershed information: <http://www.epa.gov/ostwater/basins>
122. Environmental Education Portal [www.epa.gov/enviroed/](http://www.epa.gov/enviroed/)

### **Library of Congress/Historical Maps**

123. Map Collections: <http://lcweb2.loc.gov/ammem/gmdhtml/gmdhome.html>
124. Perry-Castaneda Map Library:  
[http://www.lib.utexas.edu/Libs/PCL/Map\\_collection/Map\\_collection.html](http://www.lib.utexas.edu/Libs/PCL/Map_collection/Map_collection.html)
125. David Rumsey Map Collection: <http://www.davidrumsey.com>

### **NASA**

126. Destination Earth: [www.earth.nasa.gov/flash\\_top.html](http://www.earth.nasa.gov/flash_top.html)
127. Digital Earth: [www.digitalearth.gov](http://www.digitalearth.gov)
128. Global Change Master Directory: <http://gcmd.nasa.gov/>
129. JPL Earth Sciences Home Page: [www.jpl.nasa.gov/earth](http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/earth)
130. NASA Multimedia: [www.nasa.gov/multimedia/highlights/](http://www.nasa.gov/multimedia/highlights/)
131. NASA Shuttle Photo Gallery: <http://eol.jsc.nasa.gov/sseop/clickmap/>
132. Scientific Visualization Studio: <http://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/>
133. Shuttle Radar Topography Mission: [www.jpl.nasa.gov/srtm](http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/srtm)
134. SIR-C Mission Home Page: <http://southport.jpl.nasa.gov/sir-c>
135. Visualization of Remote Sensing Data: <http://rsd.gsfc.nasa.gov/rsd>

### **NOAA**

136. Geostationary Satellite Server: [www.goes.noaa.gov/](http://www.goes.noaa.gov/)
137. Interactive Weather Information Network:  
<http://iwin.nws.noaa.gov/iwin/graphicsversion/bigmain.html>
138. Laboratory for Satellite Altimetry (oceanographic):  
<http://ibis.grdl.noaa.gov/SAT/SAT.html>
139. National Ocean Service: <http://mapfinder.nos.noaa.gov>
140. Operational Significant Event Imagery Server: [www.osei.noaa.gov](http://www.osei.noaa.gov)
141. Satellite's Eye Art Gallery:  
[www.ncdc.noaa.gov/ol/satellite/satelliteseye/satelliteseye.html](http://www.ncdc.noaa.gov/ol/satellite/satelliteseye/satelliteseye.html)
142. Space Physics Interactive Data Resource, including Nighttime Lights of the World:  
<http://spidr.ngdc.noaa.gov/>

### **USDA**

143. Census of Agriculture from 1992, 1997, and 2002:  
[www.nass.usda.gov/Census\\_of\\_Agriculture/index.asp](http://www.nass.usda.gov/Census_of_Agriculture/index.asp)
144. Agriculture Census Atlas from 2002: [www.nass.usda.gov/research/atlas02/](http://www.nass.usda.gov/research/atlas02/)
145. US Forest Service, Data and Information Systems: [www.fs.fed.us/database](http://www.fs.fed.us/database)
146. US Forest Service, Forest Land Maps: [www.fs.fed.us/links/maps.shtml](http://www.fs.fed.us/links/maps.shtml)
147. NASS Crop Maps: [www.usda.gov/nass/aggraphs/cropmap.htm](http://www.usda.gov/nass/aggraphs/cropmap.htm)
148. National Agricultural Statistics Service Main Page: [www.nass.usda.gov](http://www.nass.usda.gov)
149. Natural Resources Conservation Service Main Page: [www.nrcs.usda.gov](http://www.nrcs.usda.gov)
150. NRCS Technical Resources: [www.nrcs.usda.gov/TechRes.html](http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/TechRes.html)

### **USGS**

#### Geography

151. Geography/Mapping Main Page <http://mapping.usgs.gov>
152. Educational Outreach: <http://education.usgs.gov>

#### Biology

153. Biological Resources Division's Main Page: <http://biology.usgs.gov/>



- 154. North American Breeding Bird Survey:  
<http://www.mbr-pwrc.usgs.gov/bbs/bbs.html>
- 155. Bird Species Map Page:  
<http://www.mbr-pwrc.usgs.gov/bbs/htm96/map617/all.html>

#### Geology

- 156. Geologic Division's Main Page: <http://geology.usgs.gov/index.shtml>
- 157. National Earthquake Information Center:  
<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/eqcenter/>
- 158. Earthquake Search and Data Download:  
<http://neic.usgs.gov/neis/epic/epic.html>
- 159. Earthquake Feeds and Data, including recent earthquakes:  
<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/eqcenter/catalogs/>
- 160. Earthquakes in the Past 7 Days:  
<http://earthquake.usgs.gov/eqcenter/catalogs/eqs7day-M1.txt>

#### Water Resources

- 161. Water Resources Division's Main Page: <http://water.usgs.gov>
- 162. National Water Conditions Home Page: <http://water.usgs.gov/nwc>
- 163. Hydrosheds: <http://hydrosheds.cr.usgs.gov/>

## **X Marks the Spot: Global Positioning Systems (GPS)**

### **Starting Points**

- 164. GPS World Online: <http://www.gpsworld.com>
- 165. Joe Mehaffey and Jack Yeazel's GPS Website <http://joe.mehaffey.com/>
- 166. Peter Bennett's GPS Site <http://vancouver-webpages.com/peter/>
- 167. Sam Wormley's GPS Resources <http://www.edu-observatory.org/gps/gps.html>
- 168. GPS Information.net Resources: <http://www.gpsinformation.net/>

### **Educational Applications of GPS**

- 169. The ESRI Press book *Fun With GPS* contains wonderful ideas for using GPS in educational and recreational settings, information about base map data, and much more:  
<http://gis.esri.com/esripress/display/index.cfm?fuseaction=display&websiteID=91&moduleID=0>  
and its companion web site: <http://www.funwithgps.com/>
- 170. Guidelines on how to plan a field experience and enhancing that experience with GPS and GIS are available via "From Field Trips to Hotlinks" on the ESRI ArcLessons site: [http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search\\_results.cfm?id=12](http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search_results.cfm?id=12)
- 171. GPS to GIS: A More Perfect Union, guidelines on:  
[http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search\\_results.cfm?id=302](http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search_results.cfm?id=302)
- 172. Lesson that covers the creation and use of tables in a GIS environment:  
[http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search\\_results.cfm?id=239](http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search_results.cfm?id=239)
- 173. ESRI ArcLesson that covers "GIS+GPS=MAPS":  
[http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search\\_results.cfm?id=241](http://gis2.esri.com/industries/education/arclessons/search_results.cfm?id=241)
- 174. GPS download lesson as part of a larger 4H geography lesson:  
<http://www.sccyd4h.org/Mapping/index.htm>
- 175. Anton Ninno's GPS and GIS Education Forum:  
<http://groups.yahoo.com/group/nygps/>



- 176. GPS in Education: <http://education.usgs.gov/common/lessons/gps.html>
- 177. Geocaching: <http://www.geocaching.com>
- 178. Earthcaching: <http://www.earthcache.org>
- 179. Wayfinding: <http://www.wayfinding.org>
- 180. Drawing Shapes with GPS: <http://www.gpsdrawing.com>
- 181. GIS to GPS Support, Training, and Resources: <http://www.gis2gps.com>

### Mapping Your GPS Coordinates

A plethora of freeware, shareware, web-based, desktop-based, and for-purchase programs are available for you to map and analyze your GPS-tagged field data.

#### [A] Mapping Your Coordinates with Web-Based GIS

- 182. ArcWeb Explorer: <http://www.arcwebservices.com/awx>
- 183. ArcGIS Explorer: <http://www.esri.com/software/arcgis/explorer/index.html>.
- 184. GPS Visualizer: <http://www.gpsvisualizer.com>
- 185. Topozone (<http://www.topozone.com>) displays coordinates in several different formats when you when you select a specific point on a topographic map.
- 186. Mapping Tools such as MapQuest (<http://www.mapquest.com>) can be used, but may require you to enter your coordinates in a string, such as:  
<http://www.mapquest.com/maps/map.adp?latlongtype=decimal&latitude=40.18&longitude=-105.47>.

#### [B] Freeware Programs

- 187. Waypoint, from tapr.org:  
<http://www.tapr.org/~kh2z/Waypoint/OverviewInfoContents.htm>
- 188. GPS Connect for Garmin, for the Macintosh:  
<http://www.chimoosoft.com/products/gpsconnect/>
- 189. USA PhotoMaps from JDMCox:  
<http://www.jdmcox.com> with guidelines from Frank Wideman:  
<http://extension.missouri.edu/perry/GPSGIS.shtml>
- 190. G7 To Win and G7 to CE: <http://www.gpsinformation.org/ronh/>
- 191. Minnesota Department of Natural Resources (DNR) Garmin:  
<http://www.dnr.state.mn.us/mis/gis/tools/arcview/extensions/DNRGarmin/DNRGarmin.html>
- 192. Topografix's EasyGPS <http://www.easygps.com/>

#### [C] For-purchase or shareware programs.

- 193. Geospatial Expert's GPS-Photo Link  
<http://www.geospatialexperts.com/productstd.html>
- 194. National Geographic Topo GPS USA:  
<http://maps.nationalgeographic.com/TOPO/gps.cfm>
- 195. GPS Utility, from the UK: <http://www.gpsu.co.uk>
- 196. Andren Software's Loran GPS Program: <http://www.andren.com/>
- 197. Everytrail's program to upload GPS coordinates and photographs onto the web:  
<http://www.everytrail.com/upload.php>
- 198. Robogeo: <http://www.robogeo.com/home/>
- 199. Mac (Macintosh) GPS Pro: <http://www.macgpspro.com/>
- 200. Expert GPS: <http://www.expertgps.com/>
- 201. TopoFusion: <http://www.topofusion.com>
- 202. Fugawi: <http://www.fugawi.com/web/>

#### [D] Programs made by GPS manufacturers, which sometimes come with the GPS units.

- 203. Garmin MapSource:  
<http://www.garmin.com/cartography/mapSource/tripandwaypoint.jsp>



204. Trimble Pathfinder: <http://www.trimble.com/pathfinderoffice.shtml>

[E] Utilities included with recreational mapping software.

205. National Geographic TOPO! <http://maps.nationalgeographic.com/TOPO/>

206. DeLorme Street Atlas and Topo Map Products: <http://www.delorme.com>

207. MapTech's Terrain Navigator Pro: <http://www.maptech.com>

208. Memory Map: <http://www.maptown.com/memorymap.html>

209. OziExplorer: <http://www.ozieplorer.com/>

[F] GPS tools inside GIS software.

210. GPS Toolbar for ArcGIS. Access via View→ Toolbars. This is most useful if you are streaming GPS coordinates to your computer in real-time; that is, you have your computer in the field with you.

211. GPSi (GPS interface) tool for Garmin GPS. Download from:  
<http://arcscrips.esri.com/details.asp?dbid=12749>

GPSi is an ArcMap Toolbar that allows users to communicate with Garmin handheld GPS units. It was developed to allow users to rapidly download/upload data directly from ArcMap.

### Federal Agencies

212. Federal Aviation Administration: Satellite Navigation Product Teams  
<http://gps.faa.gov/Links/links-gov-text.htm>

213. Stennis Space Center's GPS Applications Exchange:  
<http://gpshome.ssc.nasa.gov/>

214. International GNSS Service: <http://igscb.jpl.nasa.gov/>

215. National Geodetic Survey's GPS Orbits:  
<http://www.ngs.noaa.gov/GPS/GPS.html>

216. National Space-Based Positioning, Navigation and Timing Executive Committee:  
<http://pnt.gov/>

217. US Coast Guard Navigation Center: <http://www.navcen.uscg.gov/>

218. US Naval Observatory GPS Operations: <http://tycho.usno.navy.mil/gps.html>

### Private companies

219. Applied Field Data Systems – GPS and field data collection tools:  
<http://www.afds.net/>

220. Eagle Electronics: <http://www.eaglegps.com/>

221. HL Dalis – GPS and other electronic equipment: <http://www.hldalis.com>

222. Garmin GPS: <http://www.garmin.com>

223. Garmin's "What is GPS?" <http://www.garmin.com/aboutGPS/>

224. Garmin's GPS guide: <http://www.garmin.com/aboutGPS/manual.html>

225. GPS Manufacturers and Service Providers:  
<http://gauss.gge.unb.ca/manufact.htm>

226. Leica Geosystems: <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/>

227. Lowrance <http://www.lowrance.com>  
Lowrance graphics on selective availability:  
[http://www.lowrance.com/Tutorials/GPS/gps\\_tutorial\\_01.asp](http://www.lowrance.com/Tutorials/GPS/gps_tutorial_01.asp)

228. Magellan GPS: <http://www.magellangps.com/>

229. The Aerospace Corporation's GPS Primer:  
<http://www.aero.org/education/primers/gps/>



230. Trimble GPS: <http://www.trimble.com>  
Trimble's "All about GPS": <http://www.trimble.com/gps/index.htm>

## Map projections and Cartography

231. The Geographer's Craft Project: Map Projections, GPS, Geodetic Datums, and Coordinate Systems:  
[http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/mapproj/mapproj\\_f.html](http://www.colorado.edu/geography/gcraft/notes/mapproj/mapproj_f.html)
232. GIS Development's histories of GIS, GPS, cartography, and remote sensing:  
<http://www.gisdevelopment.net/history/links/index.htm>
233. Map History and More: <http://www.maphistory.info/>
234. Rice University's Mathematics of Cartography:  
<http://math.rice.edu/~lanius/pres/map/>
235. University of Wisconsin's History of Cartography Project:  
<http://www.geography.wisc.edu/histcart>
236. National Geographic Society: Round Earth, Flat Maps map projections resource:  
<http://www.nationalgeographic.com/features/2000/exploration/projections/index.html>
237. USGS information on map projections:  
<http://erg.usgs.gov/isb/pubs/MapProjections/projections.html>
238. USGS Universal Transverse Mercator Projection information:  
<http://erg.usgs.gov/isb/pubs/factsheets/fs07701.html>
239. USGS Exploring Maps, Secondary Level teaching kit:  
<http://interactive2.usgs.gov/learningweb/teachers/exploremaps.htm>
240. USGS Educational Outreach: <http://education.usgs.gov>

## **Remote Sensing: The Next Best Thing To Being There**

Images of the Earth taken from above give us pictures of what exists in different locations. Taken by aircraft and orbiting satellites, these photographs and other kinds of images provide information used for navigation, to evaluate the utility of land for particular purposes, to create maps that show topography or streets, and to detect changes in the physical and natural environment. This area of spatial investigation is called remote sensing.

241. *"Remote sensing is the science and art of obtaining information about a phenomenon without being in contact with it...detecting and measuring it with devices sensitive to electromagnetic energy such as: light (cameras and scanners), heat (thermal scanners), and radio waves (radar)."* Source: David Schneider, Michigan Technological University, <http://www.geo.mtu.edu/rs/>
242. To find images for your community or region, use your favorite Internet search engine, searching on area name (like "Dallas") and keywords (like "aerial photography"). Be sure also to investigate the Microsoft Terraserver archive of US Geological Survey topographic maps and aerial photographs at Terraserver-USA (<http://terraserver-usa.com>), along with use and download guidelines from the USGS (<http://rockyweb.cr.usgs.gov/public/outreach/terraserver.html>).

## **Background and Instruction**

243. International Center for Remote Sensing Education: Remote Sensing Core Curriculum: <http://www.r-s-c-c.org>
244. NASA Goddard Space Flight Center—Global View of the Earth, Landsat-7 Teacher's Kit: <http://landsat.gsfc.nasa.gov/education/teacherkit/>
245. The NASA Remote Sensing Tutorial <http://rst.gsfc.nasa.gov/>
246. SPACESTARS—GIS, GPS, Remote Sensing Curricula:  
<http://digitalquest.com/spacestars/>
247. The European Earth Observation Web Site for Secondary Schools :



- <http://www.eduspace.esa.int>  
248. University of Montana—Earth Observing System Education Project  
<http://www.eoscenter.com> (Select “Remote Sensing” and “Links” > “Remote Sensing Curricula”)

### **Base Maps, Aerial Photographs, and Satellite Imagery**

249. Terraserver Topo Maps and Aerials: <http://terraserver-usa.com>  
250. TopoZone: <http://www.topozone.com>  
251. MapQuest: <http://www.mapquest.com>  
252. Google Maps: <http://maps.google.com>  
253. Multimap: <http://www.multimap.com>  
254. Global Land Cover Facility: <http://glcf.umiacs.umd.edu/index.shtml>  
255. Microsoft’s Live Local: <http://local.live.com> – look at the oblique aerial photographs.  
256. Yahoo Maps: <http://maps.yahoo.com>  
257. NASA’s ZULU satellite imagery: <https://zulu.ssc.nasa.gov/mrsid/>  
258. Flash Earth maps and imagery: <http://www.flashearth.com>  
259. NASA’s Visible Earth: <http://visibleearth.nasa.gov/>  
260. Geomorphology from Space: <http://disc.gsfc.nasa.gov/geomorphology/>  
261. Geographic images and GIS data at the Geography Network:  
<http://www.geographynetwork.com>  
262. NASA Digital Earth: <http://www.digitalearth.gov>  
263. NASA Goddard Space Flight Center  
Remote Sensing Data and Information:  
<http://rsd.gsfc.nasa.gov/rsd/RemoteSensing.html>  
NASA Scientific Visualization Studio: <http://svs.gsfc.nasa.gov/>  
Visualization of Remote Sensing Data: <http://rsd.gsfc.nasa.gov/rsd>  
264. NASA Jet Propulsion Laboratory  
ASTER Satellite Image Gallery: <http://asterweb.jpl.nasa.gov/gallery.asp>  
Shuttle Radar Topography Mission: <http://www.jpl.nasa.gov/srtm>  
SIR-C Mission Home Page <http://southport.jpl.nasa.gov/sir-c>  
265. Terralook - imagery showing change over time: <http://terralook.cr.usgs.gov>  
266. Earthshots – imagery showing change over time:  
<http://edcwww.cr.usgs.gov/earthshots/slow/tableofcontents>  
267. NOAA  
Geostationary Satellite Server: <http://www.goes.noaa.gov/>  
Interactive Weather Information Network :  
<http://iwin.nws.noaa.gov/iwin/graphicsversion/bigmain.html>  
Laboratory for Satellite Altimetry—Oceanographic:  
<http://ibis.grdl.noaa.gov/SAT/SAT.html>  
Operational Significant Event Imagery Server: <http://www.osei.noaa.gov>

### **Private Companies**

268. DigitalGlobe: <http://www.digitalglobe.com>  
269. Earth Observation Magazine: <http://www.eonline.com>  
270. ESRI – Environmental Systems Research Institute: <http://www.esri.com>  
271. GeoEye (Orbimage + Space Imaging): <http://www.geoeye.com/>  
272. Leica Geosystems: <http://www.leica-geosystems.com/>

